Topic:	Timber Harvesting
Resource Type:	Regulations
State:	Arkansas
Jurisdiction Type:	Municipal
Municipality:	City of Maumelle
Year (adopted, written, etc.):	1998
Community Type – applicable to:	Urban; Suburban
Title:	City of Maumelle Timber Management Plan
Document Last Updated in Database:	April 14, 2017

Abstract

This ordinance requires that any harvesting of timber be conducted in a manner consistent with the Best Management Practices (BMPs) laid out in the Arkansas Forestry Commission's *Best Management Practices for Silviculture.*

Resource

City Code of Maumelle, AR Chapter 90, Article IV, Sec. 90-123. Timber management plan. Sec. 90-123. Timber management plan.

No harvesting of trees on undeveloped land within the city shall be done without an approved timber management plan. Such plan shall be approved by the mayor and, at a minimum, contain the following elements:

(1) A map showing the proposed area to be harvested.

(2) A 50-foot nonclearing buffer along public street rights-of-way and platted residential and commercial areas.

(3) A 100-foot slash treatment buffer along platted residential and commercial areas. The slash treatment buffer may be increased to 500 feet depending upon the topography of the proposed harvested area. Slash treatment may include but is not limited to chipping, crushing, chopping or other approved type methods that would not create a fire hazard.

(4) The timber management plan shall contain the appropriate best management practices, (BMPs), as defined by the Arkansas Forestry Commission's pamphlet entitled Best Management Practice Guidelines for Silviculture, for the proposed harvest area. Erosion control, stream protection and water quality are major areas that shall be addressed by the timber management plan.

(5) The plan shall designate any natural or historical areas that are to be protected.

(6) The plan shall include the locations for ingress and egress to the property and include provisions for keeping the streets clean and repairing any damage caused to public property due to logging operations. The applicant shall be liable for any and all damages caused to public property under the terms and conditions of the plan and in the event of damages, shall take steps necessary to make repairs satisfactory to the city or make payment to the city for the costs to repair the damages. If damages occur and the applicant does not make satisfactory repairs or reimburse the city for such repairs, civil legal action may be taken by the city against the applicant to recover the costs of all damages to public property, related costs, court costs and reasonable attorney's fees.

(Ord. No. 310, § 2(B), 1-5-1998)